RC-9000

Supplier Quality System Requirements
CORPORATE OVERVIEW

Collins Aerospace is a pioneer in the design, production, and support of innovative solutions for our customers in aerospace and defense. Working together, our global team shares a vision to create the most trusted source of aviation and high-integrity solutions, applying insight and foresight to help our customers succeed.

INTRODUCTION

Collins Aerospace values the strategic relationship that we have with our suppliers. We recognize that our suppliers have a key role in maximizing our customer's satisfaction. We are committed along with you to bring significant value to our customers, and we welcome your input in making the materials and services you provide even better. A copy of the current RC-9000 revision can be found on the Collins Aerospace supplier portal at the following link: https://portal.rockwellcollins.com/web/suppliers.

PURPOSE

Collins Aerospace understands that Quality Management System (QMS) types can vary among suppliers. The purpose of this document is to provide clear expectations to our suppliers that are in addition to what is normally required in an industry standard QMS and to state additional business requirements.

1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Suppliers are required to be compliant with this document when referenced by the contract or purchase order.

NOTE: If you are exclusively delivering parts to one of the plants listed in the Applicability Matrix, please reference the linked requirements below in lieu of this document.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Collins Plant</th>
<th>Collins Location</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>SBU</th>
<th>Requirements Link</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1026</td>
<td>Salt Lake City, UT</td>
<td>Ground Based Products</td>
<td>Mission Systems</td>
<td>Portal link to GB RC-9000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1027</td>
<td>Sterling, VA</td>
<td>Ground Based Products</td>
<td>Mission Systems</td>
<td>Portal link to GB RC-9000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reference Section 6.0 for definitions, acronyms, references, and other items used in this document. Unless otherwise specified, “customer” or “Collins Aerospace customer” refers to Collins Aerospace’s customer. Unless otherwise specified, “Buyer” or “Collins Aerospace Buyer” refers to Collins Aerospace.
1.1 QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

1.1.1 COMPLIANCE

Suppliers and their supply chain shall follow all applicable requirements within this document unless specifically authorized by the Collins Aerospace SBU. Exception requests or alternatives shall be submitted via email:

- to CollinsChanges@Collins.com if the Collins purchasing site uses the Collins Aerospace supplier portal (https://portal.rockwellcollins.com/web/suppliers)
- to Collins Aerospace Procurement for all other Collins sites

In addition, the supplier shall maintain a copy of any approved exceptions and make available for review by Collins Aerospace Quality Assurance or other personnel upon request.

If the supplier fails to comply with the requirements of this document, Collins Aerospace may exercise its rights and remedies in accordance with the terms and conditions of all contracts or orders between Collins Aerospace and its supplier.

Supplier shall establish compliance within 60 days of the document effective date unless otherwise specified in the Buyer publication notification. Supplier may use ASQR-01 Form 1 ASQR-01 Audit Checklist, or ASQR-01 Form 5 Compliance Gap Analysis, for evaluating compliance.

All documentation provided to Collins Aerospace shall be provided in the English language. Examples include but are not limited to First Article Inspection Reports (AS9102), Certificates of Conformance, and ASQR-01 Forms.

1.1.2 QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

The following table lists Quality Management System certification requirements by supplier type.

Table 1: QMS Certification Requirements by Supplier Type

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Supplier Type</th>
<th>QMS Certification Required</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Major OEM/Subsystem OEM</td>
<td>AS9100 certification</td>
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<tr>
<td>Build to Print/Build to Spec</td>
<td>AS9100 certification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COTS</td>
<td>ISO 9001 or AS9100 certification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distributor</td>
<td>ISO 9001 or AS9100 or AS9120 certification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test equipment calibration service providers,</td>
<td>ISO 10012, ISO 17025, ANSI/NCSL Z540.3, or Nadcap AC7006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>testing and inspection laboratories</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Process Suppliers</td>
<td>AS9100 certification or Nadcap AC7004</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
A supplier providing deliverable software shall meet the intent of AS9115 as a minimum and shall conform to the latest revision of AS9100.

All Distributors in the supply chain shall be certified by an industry accredited body to AS/EN/JISQ 9100, AS/EN/JISQ 9120, ISO 9001, or IATF16949:2016.

1.1.3 NON-DELIVERABLE PARTS, SOFTWARE, AND SERVICES

A supplier providing a part, item, software, or service that is not intended to be delivered to a customer and is used for internal Collins Aerospace purposes only - a Non-Deliverable supplier - is excluded from the requirement to have a documented QMS.

1.1.4 ORDER OF PRECEDENCE

In the event there is a requirement that appears to conflict with any other requirement, the supplier shall contact Collins Aerospace Procurement for written confirmation. The order of precedence for documents is as follows:

1) Contract (e.g., Purchase Order; Long Term Agreement; RC-9000 via contract)
2) Drawing Referenced on Purchase Order
3) Collins Aerospace Specifications Referenced on Drawing
4) Industry Specifications Referenced on Drawing

Note: unless otherwise directed on the drawing, approved substitutions (e.g., material composition, material temper, inspection test coupon design patterns, panelization requirements, etc.) are permitted as defined within the Collins Aerospace Specifications (e.g., 580-0798, 580-5800, 580-1497, etc.) referenced on the drawing.

1.1.5 NOTIFICATION OF QMS STATUS CHANGES

If the supplier’s QMS is non-compliant to the applicable requirements, or if its QMS certification is renewed, revoked, suspended, changed, or will expire during the performance of the order, the supplier shall notify Collins Aerospace in writing:

- to CollinsChanges@Collins.com if the Collins purchasing site uses the Collins Aerospace supplier portal (https://portal.rockwellcollins.com/web/suppliers)
- to Collins Aerospace Procurement for all other Collins sites

Notification shall be made within 48 hours of the following: revocation, suspension, change, or expiration and provide detail for the appropriate items in the list. All affected Collins Aerospace part numbers shall be listed in the email notification. For renewals, suppliers shall upload a copy of their certification to their supplier record in Ariba Self Service within thirty days of receipt.

1.2 WORKMANSHIP

Suppliers shall document workmanship plans and acceptance standards in accordance with the performance and reliability requirements of the Collins Aerospace specifications. For electrical parts, the plans and acceptance standards shall comply with J-STD-001 plus appendix A, Requirements for Soldered Electrical and Electronic Assemblies, and ANSI/IPC-A-610, Acceptability of Electronic Assemblies. Other part types shall have workmanship standards in accordance with the relevant drawings, specifications, and the supplier’s QMS. Workmanship requirements specified on the
component specification/drawing or elsewhere on the contract or purchase order shall take precedence over this paragraph.

1.3 RIGHT OF ACCESS

The Buyer or anyone designated by the Buyer, including cognizant government agencies, shall have access to all applicable areas of supplier’s facilities. This includes suppliers at any level of the supply chain involved in the order and to all applicable records. This right shall also extend to the supplier’s sub-tier suppliers. The supplier shall be given reasonable advance notice by the Buyer to host such events. Failure to meet schedule, quality, or program requirements may cause long-term placement of Collins Aerospace personnel or their representatives at the supplier location.

1.4 SUPPLIER-INITIATED CHANGES

Suppliers are required to inform the Buyer prior to shipping material or products with changes in product, processes, components, sub-suppliers / sub-contractors, manufacturing facility locations, packaging, shipping method, or outside processors. The supplier shall notify Collins Aerospace in writing:

- to CollinsChanges@Collins.com if the Collins purchasing site uses the Collins Aerospace supplier portal (https://portal.rockwellcollins.com/web/suppliers)
- to Collins Aerospace Procurement for all other Collins sites

Provide detail for the appropriate items in the email and/or attach ASQR-01 Form 2 Process Change Notification, or ASQR-01 Form 4 Supplier Work Transfer Request, as appropriate. All affected Collins Aerospace part numbers must be listed in the email notification.

For items where Collins Aerospace has design authority, suppliers are required to obtain written approval from the Buyer prior to any change(s) that could affect product quality and/or product fit, form, or function (process improvements, changes to special processing mentioned in ZDP Table 3, changes to measurement methodology, changes to resources/equipment, etc.). Suppliers are required to maintain a record of all such approvals and have them available upon request.

Note – The following is a list of changes that could affect product quality and require notification. This list is not all encompassing, and suppliers shall assess all changes for applicability.

- Notification within 48 hours of any major change in top management, ownership, QMS, or a change in the number of employees or resources used to provide Collins Aerospace products or materials.
- A change in the design characteristics affecting fit, form, or function of the part.
- A change in manufacturing source(s), process(es), inspection method(s), location of manufacture, tooling, or materials, that can potentially affect fit, form, or function.
- A change in numerical control program or translation to another media that can potentially affect fit, form, or function.
- A natural or man-made event, which may adversely affect the manufacturing process.
- A lapse in production for two years. Lapse is measured from the completion of the last production operation to restart of production.
- Prior to any planned work transfers (e.g., from one supplier facility to another, from the supplier to a member of its supply chain, from one member of its supply chain to another). Work Transfers that are deemed significant by Collins Aerospace shall additionally require submission of ASQR-01 Form 4 Supplier Work Transfer Request.
1.5 RECORD RETENTION

The supplier shall retain all purchasing, production control, quality, manufacturing and manufacturing methods, test, and other related documents associated with the item purchased, for a minimum of 10 years after order completion. The documented information shall provide evidence of conformity to requirements and to the effective operation of the supplier’s QMS. Methods and records shall be available for review by Buyer’s representatives, customers, and regulatory authorities.

First Article Inspection Reports and related documented information shall be retained by the supplier for 10 years plus the current year and are required to be kept in the format in which they originated. All requested information shall be provided in the language required by the contract.

U.S. suppliers, including all their sub-tier suppliers, performing maintenance or preventive maintenance of products for applicable FAA-regulated customers shall retain all records necessary to demonstrate compliance with the DOT FAA drug and alcohol testing regulatory requirements for a minimum of two years after conducting a required drug or alcohol test. Suppliers shall not destroy documented information (records) earlier than the required time. However, the documented information (records) shall be destroyed in an irreversible manner that completely obliterates their contents and renders the documented information (records) unreadable and unusable.

If the supplier is unable to maintain the quality records, the supplier shall provide the option for Collins Aerospace SBU/site to take possession of the records.

1.6 SUPPLIER PERFORMANCE

Collins Aerospace monitors their suppliers for risk and performance. This information will be used to manage oversight activities, including but not limited to the following:

- Audit frequency
- Corrective action plans
- Continuous improvement initiatives
- Increased level of inspection
- Onsite oversight by Collins Aerospace designated third party (at supplier’s cost)
- 100% inspection on identified features
- Elevated Performance Management (EPM), Corrective Action Plan, or Zero Defect Plan (ZDP™)
- Capacity and Capability Assessments
- On-site investigations of known problems at the Special Process Supplier
- Other SBU/site requirements as required
- If a Supplier Quality Clinic is mandated the Supplier shall follow the requirements of the Collins Aerospace Supplier Quality Clinic process (Reference: COL-WRK-0025).

Collins Aerospace may require additional oversight activities to be implemented within the supplier’s supply chain.

Supplier shall permit Buyer access to all data in OASIS and Nadcap databases (e.g., registration documentation, certification, audit reports and findings, corrective actions).

Note: Buyer may input significant/frequent escape data, major audit findings and delinquent responses into the OASIS database feedback process.
2 PROCESS AND PRODUCT MANAGEMENT

2.1 SOURCE INSPECTIONS AND PROCESS VERIFICATIONS

The Buyer's source inspections or process verifications shall not absolve the supplier of the responsibility to provide a conforming product, nor shall it preclude subsequent rejection. The use of a Buyer's sub-tier supplier shall not be considered by the supplier as evidence of effective control of quality of the sub-tier supplier.

2.2 PRODUCT INSPECTION

A First Article Inspection Report (FAIR) is required to be submitted when specified by a Collins Aerospace order (e.g., quality code RC-28 or other item text on the purchase order) and/or when required by AS9102. The supplier shall perform the FAIR, record the results on Smart FAIR Form 074-8432-979 (preferred) or equivalent per AS/EN9102, and attach all necessary supporting documentation including the ballooned drawing. Attached documentation shall contain traceability to the original manufacturer. Attachments shall include Material C of C, General C of C, Special Process C of C, Test Report(s) as applicable per the drawing and scope of the FAIR. When RC-28 is present on the purchase order, the supplier shall complete and submit the first article inspection and subsequent report per HRC-QMS-I-308, Rockwell Collins – AS/EN9102 Electronic FAIR Submittal Instructions, as found on the Supplier Portal. (Note: A complete list of PO codes can be found on the Supplier Portal in the Quality Assurance Purchase Order Codes link, HRC-QMS-I-358.).

For assemblies and detail parts that require sub-level parts (such as machined castings), sub-level FAIRs shall be compliant with the requirements herein and shall be attached with the FAIR.

A Current Article Inspection (CAI) may be requested at any time. The CAI shall be in accordance with AS/EN9102.

The supplier should use AS9138 as a guideline for product inspection sampling. For investment casting suppliers, to qualify to use a sampling plan, a minimum of 25 consecutive pieces are required to be inspected and no nonconformances detected.

Devices having one or more characteristics identified on the drawing as "Critical" or "Key" or by the symbol "KC" (Key Characteristic) on the Collins Aerospace drawing, shall be inspected and/or tested in accordance with Collins Aerospace 839-8031-001, Inspection/Test of Key Characteristics of Components. The data shall be recorded on 074-8432-999, Supplier Advanced Quality System KC Summary Sheet and Detail Data Sheet, or approved equivalent. These documents are available on the Supplier Portal and/or may be provided upon request.

Optional methods may include 100% inspection and/or test. The supplier may submit an alternate Statistical Process Control (SPC) plan to the Buyer for consideration and approval. Approval in writing of the alternate SPC plan must be received from the Buyer prior to submission of items for product acceptance by Collins Aerospace. Unless otherwise specified, inspection/test reports or SPC data shall be maintained at the supplier for each lot for part numbers that contain Key Characteristics.

All gauges, equipment and other test devices used for product acceptance or in-process control will be included in the supplier's calibration system and the calibration shall be traceable to a national standard.

Supplier management systems for the control of monitoring and measuring equipment shall meet one of the following requirements: ISO 10012, ISO 17025, or ANSI/NCSL Z540.3. If using ANSI/NCSL Z540.3, Supplier shall implement the requirements using the Handbook for the Interpretation of ANSI/NCSL Z540.3. Supplier shall document an impact review whenever monitoring and measuring equipment is identified with a Significant-Out-Of-Tolerance condition (an out of tolerance condition exceeding 25% of...
the product tolerance or when measured error of the monitoring and measuring equipment is greater than two times the calibration tolerance when product tolerance is not known) and notify Collins Aerospace per section 3.3 (“Notice of Non-Conforming Material”) within 24 hours of discovery if impacted product has been shipped.

Supplier shall select monitoring and measuring equipment with a minimum accuracy ratio of 4 to 1 (product tolerance to equipment tolerance) unless otherwise specified. Supplier shall perform MSA on all measurement systems used to measure "Critical" or “Key” characteristics. When performing MSA, supplier shall comply with the requirements of AS13003 Table 2. Appropriate action should be taken to improve the measurement process when the requirements of AS13003 Table 2 have not been achieved.

Supplier shall have a process for on-going verification of visual acuity and color vision for individuals performing product inspection.

Supplier of Flight Safety Parts shall comply with the requirements of ASQR-09.1.


2.3 ACCEPTANCE AUTHORITY MEDIA (AAM)

The supplier shall, within its organization and its supply chain, ensure that the use of Acceptance Authority Media (AAM) (e.g., Stamps, electronic signatures, passwords) is clearly defined within its Quality Management System (QMS). Supplier shall ensure the method of AAM is controlled and secure. The use of AAM is considered personal commitment of accuracy of work performed or witnessed. If an employee is terminated or leaves the Supplier’s employment, their AAM access is removed.

Suppliers shall maintain compliance to the AAM requirements by assessing processes and supply chain as part of their internal audit activities. The areas of focus of this assessment shall include but not limited to:

- AAM application errors (e.g., omission, typos, legibility)
- AAM application untimely use (e.g., documentation is not completed as planned, “stamp/sign as you go”)
- AAM application misrepresentation (e.g., uncertified personnel, falsification of documentation, work not performed as planned)
- AAM application training deficiencies (e.g., ethics, culture awareness, proper use of authority media)

2.4 CUSTOMER SUPPLIED OR OWNED TOOLING, GAGES, AND FIXTURES

Supplier and their subcontractor(s) must have a documented tool preventative maintenance process that must keep the tool in a serviceable condition. Supplier shall monitor tool features for excessive wear to consistently meet product specifications and drawings. Additionally, the supplier shall take actions to address worn tooling.

Suppliers shall maintain an accountable property list to monitor activity and location of Collins Aerospace or government owned tooling/gages/fixtures in their custody. Suppliers shall notify the SBU/site prior to any alterations of accountable property and ensure all calibration requirement activities are coordinated with the applicable SBU/site.
This list will include both the tooling/gages/fixtures supplied by a facility and the tooling/gages/fixtures fabricated by the supplier to manufacture contracted components but owned by its customer(s).

The supplier receiving Collins Aerospace owned tooling/gages/fixtures shall return these after purchase order requirements are completed unless written authorization is received from the Buyer for an alternative disposition, including retention by the supplier.

The supplier shall submit a written request and receive a formal approval before any alteration or repair is performed on customer tooling/gages/fixtures.

Once repair is performed on customer tooling/gages/fixtures, validation and verification must be conducted.

The supplier is responsible for the repair of all supplied tooling/gages/fixtures damaged after receipt by the supplier, and for the preservation of tooling/gages/fixtures which are not in use.

The supplier is responsible for the preventative maintenance of the tooling/gages/fixtures and shall have a document process.

The supplier is responsible for the replacement or replacement costs of any tooling/gages/fixtures that are lost, damaged beyond repair, or not returned.

All supplied tooling/gages/fixtures in the custody of a supplier are subject to periodic inventory audits and calibration.

### 2.5 CANCELLED SPECIFICATION

Industry/Military/Federal Specification Cancellation Notice Interpretation:

For items where Collins Aerospace has design authority and calls out a cancelled industry, military or federal specification, the cancellation notice shall be reviewed. Any requirement or guidance in the cancellation notice to utilize other standards or specifications shall be interpreted as follows:

- Notices with "may" or "should" are not superseded by the alternate standard/specification. The last active version of the cancelled standard/specification shall be used. If certification cannot be obtained to the last active version, please contact the Buyer for any assistance. If the Collins purchasing site uses the Collins Aerospace supplier portal (https://portal.rockwellcollins.com/web/suppliers), refer to 580-0778-010 to find an acceptable alternate specification.

- Notices with "shall" or "superseded" provide a firm requirement to use the alternate standard/specification in place of the cancelled standard/specification.

- Exceptions to this interpretation are drawings or Purchase Orders that require a specific revision of the cancelled standard/specification (example: “Finish in accordance with MIL-G-45204C” or “Finish in accordance with ASTM B488-95”). The revision indicated is required to meet the requirements of the drawing regardless of inactive or cancelled status.

Please contact the Buyer for any assistance when interpreting cancellation notices, this requirement or if the specification is cancelled without replacement and non-procurable and there is no documented path to get to an available specification.

### 2.6 OBSOLESCENCE MANAGEMENT

The supplier shall inform Collins Aerospace of all items that will become obsolete within the next twelve months. The supplier shall maintain regular communication with sub-tier suppliers regarding possible raw material or component obsolescence. The supplier shall have a documented obsolescence management plan/process in place to mitigate delivery risk for all items that could become obsolete.
Collins Aerospace requires suppliers to notify the Buyer regarding obsolescence with lead time sufficient so as not to disrupt delivery schedules. The supplier shall notify Collins Aerospace in writing:

- to CollinChanges@Collins.com if the Collins purchasing site uses the Collins Aerospace supplier portal (https://portal.rockwellcollins.com/web/suppliers)
- to Collins Aerospace Procurement for all other Collins sites

Provide detail for the appropriate items in the list. All affected Collins Aerospace part numbers must be listed in the email notification.

2.7 COUNTERFEIT RISK MITIGATION

All suppliers are required to implement and enforce a written Counterfeit Parts Prevention and Control Plan per industry standards. The plan shall flow down requirements of AS6496, AS5553, AS6174, DFARS 252.246-7007, and/or DFARS 252.246-7008 as applicable throughout the supply chain. Suppliers shall purchase material directly from original equipment manufacturers, original component manufacturers, or their authorized distributors, when the parts are still being manufactured or available in stock directly from such sources. Purchases from independent distributors (i.e., brokers) are not allowed without prior documented approval from Collins Aerospace. Independent distributors should be certified to AS6081. Suppliers are required to maintain a file of all Collins Aerospace approvals.

2.8 ELECTROSTATIC DEVICE PROTECTION

Devices identified as electrostatic discharge sensitive shall be handled, stored, packaged, and shipped in such a manner as to preclude damage from electrostatic discharge. Electrostatic protection processes shall be compliant to ANSI/ESD S20.20 Protection of Electrical and Electronic parts, Assemblies and Equipment or equivalent. Electrostatic protection requirements specified on the component specification, drawing, or elsewhere on the order take precedence over this paragraph.

2.9 FOREIGN MATERIAL

The contamination of goods by foreign material or objects is not acceptable as it could eventually affect product appearance and performance. The supplier shall document and implement a program for the prevention, detection, and removal of Foreign Object Damage/Foreign Object Debris (FOD) in accordance with SAE AS9146, Foreign Object Damage (FOD) Prevention Program-Requirements for Aviation, Space and Defense Organizations. The program shall include training and the active involvement of employees. In addition, the supplier shall conduct audits and maintain records to demonstrate the program’s effectiveness.

By delivering items to Collins Aerospace, the supplier shall be deemed to have certified to Collins Aerospace that such items are free from any foreign materials that could result in FOD.

2.10 SPECIAL PROCESSES

2.10.1 The supplier is required to validate and control all Special Processes and shall maintain evidence that supports the ability of the processes to achieve the specified results. Validation includes, but is not limited to, defined process criteria, approved and trained personnel, approved equipment, specific methods, or procedures specified by the design authority, retention of records, test reports, and re-validation plans. Collins Aerospace reserves the right to verify or validate by any means necessary the special processes that are used on Collins Aerospace parts or products.

2.10.2 QMS certification: Special Process Suppliers shall be certified to AS9100 or Nadcap AC7004.
2.10.3 Questions related to special process control should be addressed with the Collins Aerospace Buyer.

2.10.4 A build-to-print supplier performing any of the special processes found in paragraphs 2.10.5, 2.10.6, or 2.10.7 shall provide copies of the processor’s certification of conformance (C of C) and include it with each shipment of material. Special processes listed in 2.10.5 shall require a C of C even if RC-30 is not listed on the PO. At a minimum the processor’s certification of conformance shall include:

- the Collins Aerospace part number and revision
- quantity processed
- processor name and address
- the process name, specification number and revision that the parts were processed in accordance with, including (as applicable) class, type, and color per the drawing
- processing date
- signature of the quality representative from the processor
- conspicuous identification of the use of Nadcap accredited processes (e.g., Nadcap watermark, text identifying the job as Nadcap accredited, etc.), for the special processes found in paragraph 2.10.5.

2.10.5 Special Process certification for build-to-print parts: The below special processes shall require Nadcap accreditation. This requirement may be flowed through the terms of the contract or using PO code RC-30. All suppliers of build-to-print parts performing these special processes (regardless of tier) shall be Nadcap accredited for each special process, unless granted a waiver or exemption by Collins:

- Chemical Processing
  - Plating/Electro-Deposition
  - Electroless Plating
  - Anodizing
  - Wet Paint Application
  - Passivation
  - Chemical Conversion Coatings
  - Dry Film Lubrication
- Coatings - effective 1-Dec-2022
  - Thermal or Plasma Spray
  - Vapor Deposition of metals
- Heat Treating
  - Heat Treating
  - Annealing
  - Furnace, Vacuum, and Dip Brazing
  - Hot Isostatic Pressing (HIP)
- Materials Testing Laboratories (see 2.10.10 for additional clarification)
  - Material Testing
  - Chemical Testing
- Non-conventional Machining and Surface Enhancement - effective 1-Dec-2022 and when Special Process Provisions are indicated by Drawing or Specification
  - Electrical Discharge Machining (EDM)
2.10.6 Collins Aerospace recognizes the following as special processes, even though they are not associated with Nadcap. These processes must meet the applicable requirements of AS9100D, section 8.5.1.2.

- Vapor Deposition on Glass
- Encapsulating and Potting
- Impregnation
- Leak Testing
- Vibration or Qualification Testing

2.10.7 Parts processed using custom Collins Aerospace finishes shall be processed through a supplier identified as approved for that process on the Approved Special Processors Listing posted on the Collins Aerospace Supplier Portal (at www.supplycollins.com). The processes identified within this document include, but are not limited to, tin-bismuth plating (580-0225 and 580-0151) and corrosion resistant electroless nickel (952-0766). For the processes bright alloy plating (580-0001) and chem-film on copper and copper alloys (580-0034) the document lists recommended suppliers, but any Nadcap accredited supplier that meets the requirements of the specification can be used.

2.10.8 Based on Product or Supplier Risk, Collins Aerospace may require:

- Custom Certificate of Conformance which certifies predetermined special process parameters.
- Frozen process plan monitoring that requires management of manufacturing plans.
2.10.9 Build-to-Spec Suppliers shall have a comprehensive special process management program in place for the special processes listed in paragraph 2.10.5. All requirements in 2.10.9 become effective on 1-Dec-2022.

2.10.9.1 The program shall include maintaining a list of qualified Special Process Suppliers along with their Nadcap approval status.

2.10.9.2 If Special Process Suppliers do not hold Nadcap certification, the Build-to-Spec Supplier shall maintain appropriate oversight of internal and supplier processes including, but not limited to, onsite special process audits, periodic testing of product, and other means to validate product integrity.

2.10.9.3 Build-to-Spec suppliers shall provide the objective evidence of their special process supplier oversight program satisfying the requirements of AS9100 8.4.3 and 8.5.1 to Collins Aerospace upon request. An on-site review of the oversight program may be required.

2.10.9.4 If a supplier uses any special process sources that are not accredited to Nadcap, the supplier shall have formal concurrence from Collins Aerospace that the supplier’s special process oversight plan is acceptable to Collins Aerospace.

2.10.9.5 Build-to-Spec suppliers shall notify Collins Aerospace of any changes to their special process supplier program that violate AS9100 requirements or may affect form, fit, or function.

2.10.10 Material Testing Laboratories: Accreditation by either Nadcap or by signatories to the ILAC e.g., ISO 17025 is required for materials testing laboratories.

2.11 SUPPLY OF KITTED PARTS

Where kits of parts are supplied, the supplier shall establish a documented process within the QMS for the management and control of kit configurations, covering the following requirements:

- Kit to be configured within the Suppliers Bill of Materials system or equivalent.
- Route cards/ picking list established for each Kit.
- Verification of issue status for each part in the Kit.
- Provision and control of identification and traceability within the Kit.
- Provision of adequately trained personnel.
- Items subjected to concession/ production permit action shall be identified with the Collins Aerospace concession number prior to delivery.
- A certificate of conformance shall be submitted upon the completion of Kitted Parts.

2.12 DELEGATED PRODUCT RELEASE VERIFICATION (AS9117)

Suppliers who have been delegated the authority to act on behalf of Collins to verify and release products/services via a Delegation Authorization Letter shall comply with the latest revision of AS9117, which governs Delegated Product Release Verification (DPRV). Supplier shall request and obtain approval for acceptance in Buyer DQR Programs using ASQR-01 Form 8 Letter of Agreement, Delegated Quality Representative Program, once every three years. Supplier shall request and obtain approval from the Buyer for DQR candidates using ASQR-01 Form 7 Delegated Quality Representative (DQR) Candidate Application. Supplier shall comply with AS13001 for DQR training requirements.
personnel shall successfully complete supplementary Buyer product, process, and procedural training within the Buyer-required timeframe to receive authorization to release product to Buyer. When Supplier has its own DPRV program (i.e., Supplier is the delegating organization), Supplier shall comply with the requirements of AS9117.

2.13 **DIRECT SHIPMENT / DROP SHIPMENT**

When authorized by the PO, suppliers can ship directly to customers or other Divisions using the supplier shipping documentation. The supplier shall provide shipping documentation sent with product direct to Collins Aerospace or its representatives for Source Inspection and upon request. The Collins Aerospace PO number shall be referenced on the shipping documentation.

When defined by Collins Aerospace, SBU/site serialized drop ship product shall have the serial numbers recorded on the shipping document (shipper) and C of C. Drop shipments are applicable to articles manufactured for use in the production of new products (e.g., aircraft, engines, or propellers). Drop shipments are not authorized for shipping new spare parts or details to aftermarket customers.

For Direct Shipments, the following requirements apply:

- FAA and EASA production approval holders or production organizations can authorize their suppliers to direct ship new spare articles to customers or other end users in accordance with 14 CFR Part 21, FAA Order 8120.23, and EASA Part 21.133.
- A direct shipment is defined as a new spare article shipped directly from a production approval holder's supplier to a customer or other end user.
- A direct shipment authorization does not allow a supplier to issue FAA 8130-3 forms or similar international regulatory documentation.
- A written letter is required for each direct shipment authorization. The authorization may include limitations such as specific part number(s), time periods, or user/ operators.
- Suppliers located in EASA regulated countries must be an EASA recognized Production Organization.

2.14 **APPROVED MANUFACTURER LIST**

The Approved Manufacturer List (AML) is a database that supplements Collins Aerospace engineering requirements. The AML is located on the Collins Aerospace supplier portal and is only applicable if the Collins purchasing site uses that portal (https://portal.rockwellcollins.com/web/suppliers). When furnishing assemblies or subassemblies that have a parts list detailed or specified on the Buyer's drawing, or when furnishing an item listed on the AML, the Seller shall obtain the approved supplier part from the approved supplier, as identified in the AML. The AML is controlled by the Collins Aerospace ERP system (SAP). The AML can be viewed in three places on the supplier portal:

- **Part Changes**: Includes the bill of materials and approved sources, where applicable, for active parts (on agreement, open purchase order, or valid quote in the SAP system) that the Seller directly supplies to Collins Aerospace.
- **Quotes**: Shows the approved supplier and supplier part number with Quality Approval Level (QAL) status when the Seller is quoting an item on the AML to be supplied directly to Collins Aerospace.
- **Purchase Orders, Part Number Cross Reference**: Shows the approved supplier and supplier part number for purchase orders with the Seller for items on the AML to be supplied directly to Collins Aerospace.
Seller shall only deliver assemblies containing items from manufacturers for which the QAL status (aka part status) is one of the following:

- **APVD (Approved):** Item has been approved by Collins Aerospace and only the listed supplier and supplier part number are allowable for use.
- **NSR (No Status Required):** Any manufacturer’s parts may be furnished that are compliant to the item specification.
- **COMP (First Article Inspection Complete):** Only the listed supplier and supplier part number are allowable for use and a First Article has been approved by Collins Aerospace and is on file.
- **REQD, REV, or LGCY (First Article Inspection Required):** First Article Inspection needs to be completed or obtained by seller before shipment.

If the QAL status of an item is SSA (Subject to Sample Approval) or FAI (First Article Inspection), a sample of the item shall be sent to Collins if requested, and item shall be approved by Collins prior to use by the seller. If approved, Collins will change the QAL status to one of the above acceptable statuses (i.e., APVD or COMP).

Note: **the AML requirement does not apply to items in a parts list that are mechanical build-to-print (BTP) drawings, even if the BTP item is listed in the AML, unless the drawing/specification references Suggested Source(s) of Supply or Approved Source(s) of Supply.** BTP assemblies may contain components subject to the AML, and those components are in scope to this requirement. Also, printed wiring boards (PWBs) are unique BTP parts, where suppliers are qualified by technology per 580-0798 and the AML applies.

Additional training and resources related to the AML can be found on the supplier portal (https://portal.rockwellcollins.com/group/suppliers/index). Note: this link requires supplier portal sign-in to view.

Please refer to paragraph 3.1 and the type of certification compliance table for C of C requirements for AML items.

### 3 CONFORMANCE

#### 3.1 MATERIAL CERTIFICATION

The paperwork accompanying the shipment shall, at a minimum, include the following information:

- Name and address of Collins Aerospace facility product is delivered to
- Name and address of the organization/supplier/manufacturer (PO holder) providing product to Collins Aerospace and Cage Code (as applicable)
- Full drawing revision (Configuration Requirements)
- Part name or description per PO line item
- Part number including any applicable “dash” number as listed on PO and any other applicable part number (e.g., vendor part number)
- Quantity of parts delivered
- Serial number(s) of parts delivered for serialized parts. If serialization is not required, Work Order or Batch/Lot number shall be provided
- The Special Process Certification as applicable per section 2.10 “Special Processes”
- If applicable, non-conformance report number (Material authorization #)
When the applicable specification(s) establishes requirements for chemical and/or physical properties, the supplier shall obtain for each lot, test reports which provide evidence that the materials shipped possess the chemical and/or physical properties required by the applicable specifications. Test reports must provide, at a minimum, the material manufacturer's name, material manufacturer’s part number, and the fabricator’s order number to the material manufacturer.

Certification of conformance to base material requirements is sufficient evidence only when provided by the manufacturer of the material or certified by the distributor as material sourced, when applicable, in accordance with Collins approved manufacturers list (AML) from a manufacturer with QAL status of APVD (Approved), NSR (No Status Required), or TA (Technically Approved). Distributors are expected to be able to provide a C of C from the manufacturer upon Collins request.

The following table defines which certifications are required to be submitted to Collins Aerospace by type of order:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Material Purchase</th>
<th>Special Process</th>
<th>Base Material</th>
<th>QPL Material from QML Supplier</th>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COTS (Commercial- Off-the-Shelf) from Distributor</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Certified to be Manufactured by QML Certified Supplier</td>
<td>Certified to be manufactured by Collins Aerospace Approved Supplier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QPL Material</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Certified to be manufactured by QML Certified Supplier</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Build-to-Print (Buyer design): * Certified to be compliant to drawing defined Special Process Requirements</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Build-to-Print (Buyer design) and Build-to-Spec (supplier design) with FAI (First Article Inspection) * Certified to be compliant to drawing defined Special Process Requirements</td>
<td>Certification from Base Material Manufacturer that drawing defined Base Material(s) are compliant to specification</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* No Certification of Conformance applies if drawing does not contain Special Process(es)

The Certificate of Conformance shall provide a statement of conformity (e.g., “I hereby certify the materials / service supplied was produced in accordance with the Purchase Order, applicable drawings and specification.”) and Signature and title of authorized supplier representative with date.

When specific conformance documents are not requested as part of the order, the supplier’s shipment of items to Collins Aerospace shall constitute certification that the articles were manufactured, processed, and inspected according to the requirements of the order.

When supplier utilizes test reports to accept supplier purchased raw material, the following requirements apply:
● Test reports shall be checked to confirm 100% compliance against supplier’s requirements and applicable specifications prior to shipment to Collins Aerospace.

● Validation test requirement: Supplier shall periodically validate test reports for raw material accepted based on test reports. That validation shall be accomplished by supplier or other independent party through periodic, scheduled tests of raw material samples. Schedules for frequency of tests will be established by the supplier based on historical performance of the raw material supplier. For metal based raw material, chemical / raw material certifications shall reflect actual values (not range), including mill data, and that the material certifications match the drawing specification requirements including part number and revision.

● Supplier shall retain test reports provided by the raw material supplier, as well as supplier’s validation test results as quality records traceable to the conformance of material, as specified elsewhere in the order or contract.

● Raw material furnished by the Buyer or its customer is not subject to the validation test requirement.

● Supplier shall implement written processes and procedures in support of this clause.

When required, either an FAA Form 8130-3 tag or EASA Form 1 or CAA UK Form 1 shall be included with each Product for airworthiness approval.

The Supplier shall provide information regarding recommended storage conditions, shelf life, expiration dates, date of manufacturing, and/or pot life requirements, as applicable. The supplier shall clearly mark all materials and articles which experience quality degradation with age (i.e., shelf-life items) and/or environment (e.g., temperature-controlled material). The supplier shall identify the date in month, day, and year format that useful life was initiated and the date and/or cycle at which the useful life will be expended. This information shall be affixed directly on the material container, noted in the CofC and/or test report, and if applicable marked on the article. When environment is a factor in determining useful life, the identification shall include the storage conditions (e.g., temperature, humidity, etc.) required to achieve the stated life. For temperature-controlled material, supplier shall provide necessary temperature measuring equipment to monitor the material during transportation to assure compliance to the specifications of the Purchase Order/Contract. Packaging for such material shall be clearly marked as containing temperature-controlled material.

Supplier shall provide material/article with greater than seventy-five percent (75%) shelf life remaining unless otherwise authorized in design documentation or approved via a deviation/waiver from Collins Aerospace. Note: Material covered under vendor managed inventory may be excluded from this requirement. Any material/article where shelf-life or environmental requirements have been exceeded prior to receipt by Collins Aerospace shall be subject to rejection and return to the supplier.

Safety Data Sheets (SDS) sheets and Hazard Communication (HAZCOM) labels are applicable to the type of item purchased and shall be included in the shipment and shall be located on either the container and/or with the requested certification.

3.2 REQUESTS FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION

A Supplier Action Request (SAR, i.e., Supplier Failure Analysis, NoNC-Notice of Non-Conformity, or SCAR-Supplier Corrective Action Request) may be issued if nonconforming material is received. The supplier shall have a root cause and corrective action process consistent with the 8D methodology.

Per requirements of the SAR process, the supplier is required to provide the following for SCARs: a containment statement, a root cause and corrective action response, and be subject to escalation of notification to supplier’s senior management for failure to respond. All supplier responses are rated for
Measure of Effectiveness (MoE) or mistake proofing effectiveness. The MoE grading scale is available on the Supplier Portal, and/or may be provided upon request. Even though NoNCs do not require a formal response, suppliers are required to maintain evidence showing internal root cause and corrective action for audit purposes.

Failure to provide acceptable and timely responses to SCARs may be the cause for revocation of business. Regardless of the material or product’s warranty status, when requested, the supplier is required to provide a root cause and corrective action for failures that occur immediately upon installation. These are sometimes referred to as out-of-box failures.

Failure to comply with the rules of this SAR process requirement may jeopardize Buyer’s determination of supplier’s compliance to the contract requirements. If the supplier fails to remedy nonconformances as required by the SAR, or if the supplier fails to make prompt and continued progress towards corrective action until it is satisfactorily resolved, Collins Aerospace may exercise any rights and remedies available in the terms and conditions of the contract or order between Collins Aerospace and the supplier. When corrective action progress is insufficient, Collins Aerospace may place a supplier on probation status. Suppliers on probation status will not be considered for new procurement activity.

All product rework shall have documented work instructions. Supplier shall request and obtain approval for rework of product subject to frozen process control. Note: Non-conforming product not subject to frozen process control, that can be reworked to meet all product requirements within the existing manufacturing process does not require Buyer notification or request for approval/disposition.

Upon implementation of corrective action, to ensure effectiveness, Supplier shall have a documented process in place to ensure that 100% over-inspection (i.e., additional independent measurement of the affected characteristic(s)) is performed of the deviated characteristics for a minimum of the next three consecutive manufactured lots (quantities of parts produced under conditions that are considered uniform) unless otherwise specified by the Buyer.

### 3.3 NOTICE OF NONCONFORMING MATERIAL

The supplier must promptly notify a Collins Aerospace Buyer when a nonconformity or reliability issue is discovered in the supplier’s processes, components, or assemblies for any product already delivered. This communication shall be sent to CollinsChanges@Collins.com and to Collins Aerospace Procurement. Provide sufficient detail in the email and/or attach ASQR-01 Form 6 Notification of Potential Quality Escape.

The communication shall contain the following information:

- Lot/ batch information/ date of manufacture, as applicable
- Part numbers impacted including vendor part number(s) and Collins part number(s)
- Recovery plan
- Containment plan including non-conforming quantity
- Purchase order number(s) impacted
- Non-Conformance description/problem summary and requirement violated

### 3.4 QUALITY ALERTS AND GIDEP ALERTS

Quality Alerts are used to communicate pertinent quality related issues or other approved information to suppliers and/or processors. Actions defined within an Alert are in alignment with the applicable Collins Aerospace SBU/site flow down requirements and will typically include an implementation date. Suppliers shall perform the following upon receipt of alerts:
- Review the actions listed in the alert
- Determine contractual impact (if any) to the alert
- Notify the applicable Buyer of any potential impact.
- Take necessary actions to ensure compliance to requirements
- Respond as outlined in the alert

Per Collins Aerospace SBU/site flow down requirements, suppliers in the United States and Canada that directly or indirectly do business with the government or supports the government’s acquisitions of systems, facilities and material shall participate in Government/Industry Data Exchange Program ("GIDEP"). Suppliers delivering directly or indirectly to Collins Aerospace SBU/site shall action GIDEP alerts covering the product per the requirements within the Alert correspondence, and Collins Aerospace SBU/site shall be informed of status whether they come through a Collins Aerospace SBU/site or through a supplier’s supply chain. Collins Aerospace supply chain members shall be a GIDEP member and ensure alerts are actively monitored, issued, and addressed. Refer to www.gidep.org for more information on participation and operations.

3.5 MATERIAL REVIEW AUTHORITY

The supplier’s material review authority may include rework but shall not extend to “repair” or “use-as-is” without prior documented approval from Collins Aerospace. Supplier shall submit to the Buyer all requests for variance from contract, order, specification, or drawing requirements. Contact Buyer to obtain the current variance (aka deviation/waiver) form revision. Supplier shall not submit requests for variance to the Collins Aerospace customer.

3.6 SUPPLIER EMPLOYEE REQUIREMENTS

The supplier shall ensure that all personnel working for or on behalf of the supplier in activities relevant to the realization of product or services provided to or for Collins Aerospace, are aware of:

- their contribution to product or service conformity
- their contribution to product safety
- the importance of ethical behavior

3.7 SUPPLIER COMMUNICATIONS

Suppliers should communicate requests regarding clarifications to engineering or quality system documents to Collins Aerospace Procurement. The communication should include the Supplier Request for Information Form found on the Collins Aerospace supplier portal (https://portal.rockwellcollins.com/web/suppliers). Example situations include:

- Documenting an inconsistency in a drawing and/or specification that could result in a nonconformance.
- Requesting an engineering change, material change, deviation, alternate method, alternate material, or alternate component.
- Gaining clarity or definition of a drawing or specification.
- Requesting an alternate method to a quality system requirement.
4 SUB-TIER SUPPLIER MANAGEMENT

4.1 SUBCONTRACTING OF THE ORDER

The supplier shall not subcontract in whole, or substantially in whole, performance of any order without prior written consent of the Buyer. Requests for subcontracting an order shall be made by the supplier in writing:

- to CollinsChanges@Collins.com if the Collins purchasing site uses the Collins Aerospace supplier portal (https://portal.rockwellcollins.com/web/suppliers)
- to Collins Aerospace Procurement for all other Collins sites

All affected Collins Aerospace part numbers must be listed in the email notification.

4.2 REQUIREMENTS FLOWDOWN

Supplier shall flow down applicable specifications, descriptions, requirements, and all requirements in this document to sub-tier suppliers. For items unique to Collins Aerospace, supplier shall indicate that Collins Aerospace is the customer and has design authority, as part of the text of the purchase contract to any sub-tier supplier.

4.3 SUB-TIER SUPPLIER MANAGEMENT AND SELECTION

The supplier shall perform evaluation and selection of any sub-tier suppliers based on their ability to supply product or service which is compliant to the Buyer’s requirements. Minimum criteria for this evaluation and selection shall be established, including periodic review, to demonstrate the sub-tier supplier’s ability to provide conforming material or service and mitigate risk to the customer. Records of this evaluation and review shall be maintained in accordance with the document retention requirements defined in section 1.5 of this document.

5 ZERO DEFECT PLAN (ZDP™)

The Collins Aerospace Zero Defect Plan™ (ZDP™) is a systematic implementation of established Quality Engineering tools and processes that focuses on protecting the Customer from receiving non-conforming materials. The goal of the ZDP™ is to drive to zero non-conforming products. The ZDP™ methodology is defined in the Zero Defect Plan™ How to Book, which can be provided upon request through CentralSupplierQuality@collins.com.

Collins Aerospace reserves the right to audit and/or require any supplier to submit the ZDP™ using the Collins prescribed method and template. This will be done on a prescribed cadence until the elements of ZDP™ have been completed and demonstrating results.

While all suppliers are expected to have an approach to achieving zero defects, Collins could require formal execution using prescribed methods for any of the following (but not limited to):

- Escapes impacting Collins and/or Collins customers
- New development / key programs requirements
- First Pass Yield issues impacting quality or delivery
- Receipt of new work from Collins
Execution of ZDP™, or equivalent methods, shall be extended to members of the supply chain (e.g., sub-tier suppliers) when those members are posing a risk to Collins Aerospace or its supplier (see above for examples).

Suppliers shall use Manufacturing Process Review (MPR) or equivalent process to evaluate if manufacturing operations and processes are capable of consistently producing a product compliant to the design specifications and to define corrective actions to mitigate the sources of variation identified as part of the review. MPR instructions can be found in the “ZDP™ How To Book.”

Upon request from Collins Aerospace, evidence of ZDP™ execution shall be made available and/or provided to demonstrate execution progress. The ZDP™ How To Book contains the evidence requirements such as QC Action implementation, QC Inspection progress, ZDP™ Planning and Execution Table, and leading indicators table.

5.1 SUPPLIER SAMPLING REQUIREMENTS - FOR EXECUTION OF ZDP™

Supplier shall have a documented sampling plan, refer to AS9138 as a guideline. Prior to implementation of product sampling, the supplier shall validate process capability and repeatability. One method of compliance could be the verification of conformity of 25 consecutive pieces for all variable dimensions. When establishing AQL levels, suppliers should use 100% for Key or Critical characteristics and 2.5% AQL for all other characteristics. Collins Aerospace reserves the right to require ASQR-20.1 for product sampling requirements. Note: Distributors are exempted from this requirement.

In supplement to product sampling requirements above, Collins Aerospace reserves the right to additionally employ requirements for Statistical FAI (SFAI). Statistical FAI requires that for sample inspection to be applicable, every quantitative (variable) feature on the design blueprint is measured on a 25-piece sample. Further information on Statistical FAI can be found in the “ZDP™ How to Book”, which can be provided upon request through CentralSupplierQuality@collins.com.

If a part or site has a history of dimensional escapes, then a high priority corrective action should be to complete a statistical FAI for each part as designated by the SBU/site.

A machine capability study should be used for dimensions produced by the same machine and process as an alternative to measuring every dimension on a specific Part Number.

Alternatives for demonstrating process control can be used with Collins Aerospace SBU/site approval.

If due to the nature of complex castings, complex machining, or composite molds destructive analysis is required to perform variable measurements then an alternative approach can be used in place of SFAI to demonstrate process capability. The supplier should submit an alternative inspection plan which identifies controlling dimensional characteristics (not 100% inspected). The inspection plan shall identify in-process dimensional verification using such methods as laser scan, checking fixture, ultrasonic wall check, and targeting and scribe fixture to ensure that the process is production ready and dimensionally representative of a production part and meets the design requirements.

Torque values do not require SFAI measurements.

SFAI does not apply to categorical (attribute) features that have either Binary (i.e., presence or absence) or a fixed number of values (i.e., count).

Reference dimensions and “approximate” dimensions do not require SFAI measurements.

Collins Aerospace reserves the right to additionally require SFAI on lower-level parts and assemblies.
5.2 QUALITY CONTROL ACTIONS FOR EXECUTION OF ZDP™

The quality control action requirements captured in ZDP Table 3 below are best practices that should be reviewed as part of the ZDP™ implementation in accordance with the applicability listed in ZDP Table 2. Collins Aerospace reserves the right to require any of these best practices be implemented for any supplier, even if ZDP is not being utilized.

The requirements in ZDP Table 3 are intended to eliminate common categories of nonconforming material that have been identified through an evaluation of the Collins Aerospace value stream's (Collins Aerospace and Suppliers) past performance and escapes.

COL-FRM-0087 may be used to capture ZDP Table 3 information, objective evidence, and gap closure plans.

ZDP Table 2: Quality Control Action Requirements-Applicability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement Category</th>
<th>Applicability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assembly</td>
<td>All assembly processes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Circuit Card Assembly</td>
<td>Circuit card assembly process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Customer Interfaces</td>
<td>All customer interfaces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimensional</td>
<td>All measuring and dimensional inspection equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material Integrity</td>
<td>All parts with material certificates of compliance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O-Rings</td>
<td>All o-rings suppliers and product assemblies with o-rings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packaging, Shipping and Handling</td>
<td>All parts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Part Markings</td>
<td>All parts with required part marking</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product handling equipment</td>
<td>All product handling equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rework</td>
<td>All rework operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Processes</td>
<td>All special processes as defined by Collins Aerospace</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torque</td>
<td>All torque operations with a required applied torque value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visual standards for cosmetic defects</td>
<td>Products/product families with historically disputed cosmetic conditions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Supplier Quality System Requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>-------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Look-alike parts shall not be stored in adjacent locations, or kitted together in the same container, unless mistake proofing strategies are implemented. These strategies might include unique packaging, coloring, marking, or machine reading of part numbers.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td><strong>The supplier shall assess the build process for points where hidden features are created and align inspection control plans &amp; methods to ensure all features are verified while accessible.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td><strong>Circuit card assembly suppliers shall utilize 3D AOI to ensure correct components, component placement, solder joint integrity, correct heel fillets, absence of lifted leads, and other visually detectable defects per IPC-A-610. Where board geometry restricts access by 3D AOI methods, alternate inspection methods with equal capability to 3D AOI shall be used to verify conformity. Overruling of an automated inspection device (i.e., a false call disposition) shall require review and disposition by an independent, site-qualified technician or engineer.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>For all new programs, AOI shall not be based on automated assembly but shall be based directly on engineering definition (BOM). For existing programs, the AOI code shall be 100% checked back to the engineering BOM.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>100% of interface and alignment features identified by Collins Aerospace shall be verified by physically engaging the feature with a fixture identically mimicking the mating surface where Collins Aerospace has provided the definition of the mating</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Requirement Area</td>
<td>Indicator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplier Quality System Requirements</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimensional</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material Integrity</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O-Rings</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packaging, Shipping &amp; Handling</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Qualified individuals shall define and execute a process compliant with DOT 49 CFR and/or IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations for all dangerous goods shipments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td><strong>Except for</strong> Bulk Bought hardware parts, all parts shall be protected from part-to-part contact during shipment. Parts damaged during shipment due to inadequate packaging shall be considered escapes to Collins Aerospace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>O-rings shall be packaged and marked in accordance with AMS2817.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Part Marking</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Part marking inspection and verification procedures shall include a photo or other replica of required content, format, marking method, and location per contract specifications. All features of marking shall be 100% verified including machine readable matrix marking, human readable markings related to 2D machine matrix, independent human readable markings where specified, traceability (serialization, lot date codes, etc.), and radio-frequency identification.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>All 2D machine readable matrix marks shall be verified with software capable of creating validation and verification. Reports of this verification shall be included in shipping paperwork.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Prior to shipment, all suppliers shall have a process to detect and contain serial number duplication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>If Part Marking process is not fully automated (e.g., vibra-peening, ink marking, manual data entry is required), then second person verification of the output shall be implemented in addition to final inspection. Note: A best practice for an over inspection is to have one person read the part marking data on the part out loud while the second verifies the data in the associated paperwork.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Product Handling Equipment</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>The receiving, manufacturing, assembly, special process, test, storage, shipping processes, and transitions between processes shall be reviewed to eliminate material-to-material contact that could damage the part/product. a. Material handling containers and equipment shall be visually identified and designated for specific use. Material handling containers include any totes, bins, boxes, etc. used to handle the product or parts.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Supplier Quality System Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirements</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Throughout the product life cycle at the targeted facility. Materials and construction of product handling equipment shall be compatible with part materials, part geometry, and environmental conditions. Transportation between processes, storage, and shipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>All product handling equipment shall be on a Total Productive Maintenance (TPM) schedule to validate that the product protections are still in place, free of contaminants, and have not diminished or been damaged over time. Ensure that part protection is maintained over time and to mitigate the generation of FOD as protective materials break down.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rework</strong></td>
<td>Any characteristics which could be directly or indirectly affected by rework operations shall be identified and re-verified (e.g., re-inspected, retested, environmentally screened, etc.) immediately following rework operations to ensure that operations have not cause direct damage, collateral damage, or introduce contamination. Sampling inspection shall not be permitted for characteristics affected by rework. Identify any potential non-conformances introduced during rework operations. Ensure previously verified requirements are not impacted because of the rework or repair operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Special Process</strong></td>
<td>Non-Destructive Testing (NDT) – Independent Verification and Validation (IV&amp;V): In addition to requirements of NAS410, an independent verification and validation of NDT by the Supplier(s) Responsible Level III or qualified Level 3rd party NDT shall be put in place. The documented program shall include criteria that meets the following for all Collins parts: Assure the source is a Collins BU Approved NDT source as defined in P.O. Document and record an audit program on 25 random Collins Aerospace parts per each NDT method annually. Witness and ensure the proficiency of each certified inspector performing each NDT method. The review shall include compliance to approved customer techniques, engineering requirements, specifications, and supplier techniques. Provide access to Collins for oversight IV&amp;V audits and reviews of records to ensure compliance with requirements. Ensuring conformance to Special Process requirements. Assure that all special processes are controlled and verified with changing of process or suppliers and any major events at the Special Process supplier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Suppliers that utilize parts that have been Heat Treated shall verify that material properties test results identified in the associated specification are included on the C of C (e.g., hardness, conductivity, tensile, etc.). Address systemic gap in Heat Treat supplier compliance across Collins Aerospace.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3 Suppliers that utilize anodized parts shall verify that material properties test results identified in the associated specification are included on the C of C (e.g., conductivity, etc.).

Address systemic gap in Anodize supplier compliance across Collins Aerospace

4 Special Process (SP) Change Management: The Supplier is responsible to ensure SP and SP sources meet the drawing/specification requirements through initial validation of either several pieces and/or lot testing. Unless otherwise notified by the Collins Aerospace SBU/site, the default is the Supplier’s validation of 25 pieces, spanning at least 3 lots where lot processing is conducted. Validation may require product measurements, review of the processing information and/or non-destructive means up to and including destructive testing where required. The validations shall be completed by the Producer’s Quality Manager/designee or responsible NDT L3. Revalidation shall be accomplished for process changes and shall mimic the validation for each part number where the process changed. The SP categories as listed in the Corporate Family section of www.eAuditNet.com shall require validation. Validation of any SP will be documented and submitted to Collins Aerospace SBU for review. In addition, revalidation of SP shall be required for the following events at a SP facility: SP Disclosures, Advisories, Potential Ensuring conformance to Special Process requirements. These validation requirements as listed above are in addition to ASQR-20.1, Supplier Sampling Requirements - paragraph 4.2.4.2 requirements. Once the validation is completed then the requirements of ASQR-20.1 are invoked. When specified on the drawing or PO, Suppliers shall use only sources approved by the specific Collins Aerospace SBU/site to perform these special processes (each SP supplier shall obtain initial approval from each specific Collins Aerospace SBU/site).

Ensure Special Processes are controlled. Assure that all special processes are locked down and no changes are made unless reviewed.
Assure that any changes to special processes are thoroughly justified before being implemented to mitigate the creation of new nonconformances and assure that process changes are reverified for any major events at the SP supplier.

| Torque | 1 | A validation of torque tool settings and output (for all aspects of torque defined in the requirement, i.e., running, prevailing, and/or final) shall be performed and recorded against acceptance criteria, using a torque tester, per the following:

- For manual torque tools validation shall be performed a minimum once per shift using a stationary tester and defined validation range requirements for each torque tool.
- For auto or clutch torque tools, validation shall be performed a minimum once per month using a rotary tester and defined validation range requirements for each torque tool.
- For auto torque tools, the software validation

Validate that the torque tool is set properly and that the tool output is within defined validation range requirements |
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<th>Supplier Quality System Requirements</th>
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<td>2</td>
<td>After final torquing, all fasteners shall be re-checked with a torque tool set between the original set point or lower (within the specification range), or to the set point less prevailing torque. For automated torque tools with angle monitoring enabled, this does not apply.</td>
<td>Ensure that each torqued fastener has been torqued to at least the minimum value. This also ensures that none of the torqued fasteners were loosened by torquing additional fasteners within the operation.</td>
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| 3 | When selecting a torque tool, the following requirements shall be adhered to:  
  - The increment between two graduations marks of a scale shall comply with ISO 6789  
  - The increment between two graduation marks of a scale shall not exceed 10% of the total torque tolerance on the drawing.  
  - The torque setting of the tool shall be within a set range in compliance with ISO 6789 | Ensure that the gage used in applying torque can provide the required resolution. |
| 4 | If used, torque tool extenders shall be defined on the work instructions with tool identification numbers and specific use configuration. The torque range values shall be defined on the work instructions, including the impact of the angle of the extender with respect to the handle during the application of the torque. Torque tool extenders will change the effective torque and shall be validated in the as-used configuration per Torque Requirement 1. | Prevent accidental overtorking of fasteners due to the use of unspecified or improperly utilized torque wrench extensions (e.g., crow foot, or dog bone). |

### Visual Standards for Cosmetic Defects

| Visual Standards for Cosmetic Defects | 1 | The supplier shall establish mutually agreed to visual standards for acceptable and unacceptable cosmetic conditions with the SBU/site for features, parts, and product families that have historically disputed defects. (e.g., provide common photo set to OEM inspector and SBU/site inspector) These standards shall be documented in a revision-controlled document and a copy will be provided to the SBU/site for their review and comment. Note: Examples of cosmetic conditions include nicks, scratches, dents, surface finish characteristics, etc. | Eliminate ambiguity between customer and supplier expectations regarding visually detectable anomalies that are neither explicitly prohibited nor allowed by existing design documents. |

### 6 DEFINITIONS, ACRONYMS AND REFERENCES

#### 6.1 DEFINITIONS

**Build-to-Print:** A supplier of a component, assembly, minor system, or sub-system for which the supplier has less than total design responsibility and authority.
Build-to-Spec: A material defined as build to specification is a material that is defined by a performance specification, which also may include drawings detailing the envelope. The performance specification shall define the requirements while the supplier is responsible for creating a design that meets the performance specification and the envelope. The requirements are not prescriptive, allowing the supplier to utilize their engineering expertise to design the material.

The supplier may be responsible for a defined level of qualification and qualification testing. The supplier will retain an amount of IP for their design effort.

Commercial Off-The-Shelf: (COTS) Standard catalog hardware and is a part or material that conforms to an established industry or national authority published specification, having all characteristics identified by test description, National/Military Standard Drawing, or catalog item.

Investment Casting: A type of casting process using a mold formed around a pattern of wax or similar material which is then removed by melting.

Nadcap: Nadcap (formerly NADCAP, the National Aerospace and Defense Contractors Accreditation Program) is a global cooperative standards-setting program for aerospace engineering, defense, and related industries.

Performance: The quantitative specification of an item's characteristics which may include the operating range, limits, and values.

Repair: The subjection of nonconforming material to an approved process designed to reduce but not eliminate the nonconformance.

Rework: All work performed on articles with known deficiencies to bring such articles into full compliance with documented requirements.

Raw Material: A basic material used in the production of goods, finished products or intermediate materials.

Special Process: Those processes where the output cannot be easily validated in a non-destructive manner. Subsequently, any defects become apparent after the product has been placed into use or delivered to customers.

Special Process Supplier: Any supplier that performs special processes on Collins Aerospace products.

Subcontract Supplier: A producer of a major system or sub-system with or without design responsibility. This includes suppliers that provide system integration, maintenance and/or overhaul services.

6.2 ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AAM Acceptance Authority Media
AOI Automated Optical Inspection
BOM Bill of Material
CFR Code of Federal Regulations
C of C  Certification of Conformance/Compliance
C of A  Certification of Assurance
CAAC  Civil Aviation Administration of China
COTS  Commercial Off-The Shelf
DFARS  Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement
DOT  Department of Transportation
DPRV  Delegated Product Release Verification
DQR  Designated Quality Representative
EASA  European Union Aviation Safety Agency
FAA  Federal Aviation Administration
FAI  First Article Inspection
FOD  Foreign Object Damage/Debris
GIDEP  Government Industry Data Exchange
HAZCOM  Hazard Communication
ISO  International Organization for Standardization
KC  Key Characteristic
KPC  Key Process Characteristic
MoE  Measure of Effectiveness
MPR  Manufacturing Process Review
MRO  Maintenance, Repair, and Overhaul
MSA  Measurement Systems Analysis
NDT  Non-Destructive Testing
NoNC  Notice of Non-Conformance
QML  Qualified Manufacturers List (as defined by the US Defense Logistics Agency)
QMS  Quality Management System
QN  Quality Notification
QPL  Qualified Products List (as defined by the US Defense Logistics Agency)
SAR  Supplier Action Request
SBU  Collins Strategic Business Unit
SCAR  Supplier Corrective Action Request
SDS  Safety Data Sheet
SFAI  Statistical First Article Inspection
6.3 REFERENCES

074-8432-999 Supplier Advanced Quality System KC Summary Sheet and Detail Data Sheet
489-0073-001 Supplemental Requirements for Fabricated Parts
580-0001 Bright Alloy Finish Specification
580-0034 Chem-Film on Copper and Copper Alloys
580-0151 Tin Plate Finish Process Specification
580-0225 Tin Plate Process Specification
580-0778 Approved Alternates for Canceled Military, Federal, and Industry Standards / Specifications
580-0798 Supplemental Performance Requirements, Printed Wiring Boards
580-1497 Process, Marking, Identification
580-4023 Heat Treatment for Electrical Iron
580-5800 Fabrication Practices
839-8031-001 Inspection and Test Requirements for Key Characteristics of Components
952-0766 Corrosion Resistant Electroless Nickel
14 CFAR Part 21.9 Replacement and Modification Articles
14 CFR Part 120 U.S. Department of Transportation, Conducting Workplace Drug & Alcohol Testing
49 CFR Part 40 U.S. Department of Transportation, Conducting Workplace Drug & Alcohol Testing
99FP Rockwell Collins General Terms and Conditions of Purchase
AMS2817 Packaging and Identification of Molded Elastomeric Seals and Sealing Components
ANSI/IPC A-610 Acceptability of Electronic Assemblies
AS5553 Counterfeit Electrical, Electronic, and Electromechanical (EEE) Parts; Avoidance, Detection, Mitigation, and Disposition
AS6081 Fraudulent/Counterfeit Electronic Parts: Avoidance, Detection, Mitigation, and Disposition – Distributors
AS6174 Counterfeit Material; Assuring Acquisition of Authentic and Conforming Material
AS6496 Fraudulent/Counterfeit Electronic Parts; Avoidance, Detection, Mitigation, and Disposition – Authorized/Franchised Distribution
AS9102 Aerospace Frist Article Inspection Requirement
7 REQUIREMENTS FOR PRODUCT MAINTENANCE AND MRO

7.1 MAINTENANCE SCOPE

7.1.1 Maintenance and Preventive Maintenance Providers

Maintenance applies to products returned from service for repair, overhaul, modification, test, or inspection (commercial and non-government).

U.S. suppliers, including all their sub-tier suppliers, performing maintenance or preventative maintenance of products shall have an approved DOT Drug & Alcohol testing program that is compliant with 14 CFR
Part 120 and 49 CFR Part 40 for all applicable FAA-regulated customers. Upon request, suppliers shall provide to Collins Aerospace evidence of compliance.

All non-U.S.-based suppliers that use US-based sub-tiers to perform maintenance of products shall inform Collins Aerospace of their US-based sub-tiers have an approved DOT Drug & Alcohol testing program compliant with 49 CFR Part 40 for all applicable FAA-regulated customers.

7.2 MAINTENANCE EXECUTION

All suppliers shall provide records of service work performed, including the following information as applicable:

- Preliminary Inspection – Determine state of preservation (functional test, if applicable) and record obvious defects, damage, or contamination.
- Hidden Damage Inspection – Catastrophic damage, contamination, sub-par workmanship or questionable configuration discovered in preliminary inspection.
- Statement of Work Performed – Detailed description of work performed, including a description of parts replaced, adjustments performed, modifications installed and inspection and test results as applicable.
- A Certificate of Conformance for the service provided and/or an authorized release certificate (i.e., FAA 8130-3, EASA Form 1, etc.), as applicable.

Suppliers performing maintenance shall use the maintenance data and documents, approved by Collins Aerospace, or as applicable, Airline Maintenance Manuals. Maintenance is defined to include the terms defined below and in accordance with Statutory and Regulatory Requirements.

**Repaired:** Nonconforming product or component part restored to a serviceable condition in conformance with data acceptable to the FAA or other aviation regulatory agencies as applicable.

**Overhauled:** A product or component part is overhauled when using methods, techniques, and practices acceptable to the FAA (or other aviation regulatory agencies as applicable) and has been disassembled, cleaned, inspected, repaired as necessary and reassembled. In addition, it has been tested in accordance with approved standards and technical data acceptable to the FAA or other regulatory aviation agencies as applicable.

**Modified:** A product or component part altered in conformance with approved data acceptable to the FAA or other aviation regulatory agencies as applicable.

**Inspected or Tested:** A product or component part which has been examined by means of visual inspection and/or functional testing, utilizing approved data acceptable to the FAA or other aviation regulatory agencies as applicable.

Suppliers performing maintenance shall use approved parts as outlined in 14 CFR Part 21.9. Suppliers performing maintenance shall be monitored and maintained in accordance with the Collins site repair station manual, which is available to the supplier upon request. An initial on-site audit of new suppliers shall be performed by Collins Aerospace. Subsequent audits shall be performed at a frequency determined by Collins Aerospace and/or based on risk. Frequency and scope of audit may be adjusted by Collins based on the risk attributed to each supplier. If the supplier does not have FAA (or other aviation regulatory agencies as applicable) approval for production parts, contact the Collins Aerospace quality organization for the appropriate approval.
7.3 MAINTENANCE TRAINING

Suppliers performing aviation maintenance shall maintain a Training Program for all maintenance personnel completing Collins Aerospace repairs, including drug and alcohol training required by U.S. Department of Transportation and FAA regulations. Training shall be documented and include formal and on-the-job training activities. Personnel training shall be periodically reviewed and documented to identify that it is still adequate. Internal training instructor’s qualifications and responsibilities shall be documented. Training records shall be maintained for two years after the person leaves the supplier’s company. Training records shall show evidence that those personnel performing repairs are qualified to perform such repairs. The Training Program shall provide training on a recurring basis for all employees on Human Factors and FOD Training, and for supervisors responsible for evaluating drug and alcohol use on the signs of drug or alcohol misuse and abuse.

7.4 MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS FLOWDOWN

Suppliers performing maintenance that subcontracts any portion of the repair maintenance of the article to a sub-tier subcontractor shall have a documented procedure in place to detail how Collins Aerospace requirements as outlined in any contract, RC-9000, individual repair order or other regulatory requirements are effectively flowed to the sub-tier subcontractor

- Detail how the sub-tier subcontractor is qualified to meet the requirements outlined in any contract, RC-9000, individual repair order or other regulatory requirements
- Detail an audit program to periodically re-qualify these sub-tier subcontractors
- Maintain quality audit documents at least 3 years
- Detail how the sub-tier contractor meets the drug and alcohol testing and training requirements of 14 CFR Part 120 and 49 CFR Part 40
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